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Skills for the Future

Provincial and territorial education and labour market ministers

# Ontario's Labour Market Challenges: An Employer Perspective

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## Agenda

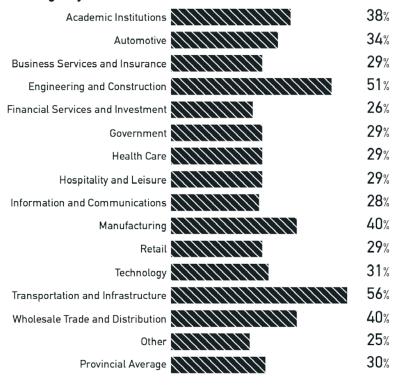
- Ontario's Five Labour Market Challenges
- 2. Demand-driven programs
  - Express Entry (EE)
  - Job Grant
- 3. Challenges
- 4. Solutions: An Employer Perspective
- 5. Conclusion

#### Five Labour Market Challenges

- 1. Economy is transitioning
- 2. Perception of skills shortages
- 3. Aging workforce
- 4. Number of skilled immigrants coming to Ontario has declined
- 5. Employers (on average) invest less in training than their counterparts in other countries

#### Perceived Skills Shortages

#### Percentage by Economic Sector



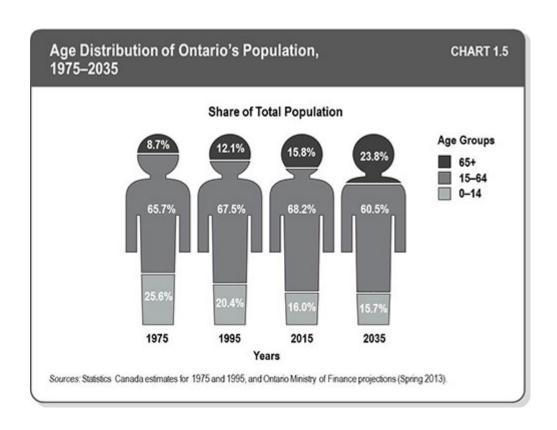
#### Percentage by Economic Region

Hamilton-Niagara	28%
Kingston-Pembroke	33%
Kitchener-Waterloo & Barrie	24%
London	32%
Muskoka-Kawarthas	30%
Northeast	46%
Northwest	41%
Ottawa	36%
Toronto	25%
Stratford-Bruce Peninsula	<b>29</b> %
Windsor-Sarnia	26%
Provincial Average	30%

N = 2,059 | Survey Date: January-February 2013

 $Q \mid Has \ your \ business/organization \ had \ difficulty \ filling \ a job \ opening \ over the last 12-18 \ months \ due to the fact that you could not find someone with the right qualitications?$ 

#### **Aging Workforce**



#### **Immigration Trends**

 Since 2001, annual immigration to Ontario has declined by 34% (from 148,639 in 2001 to 98,826 in 2012)

 Of all Ontario landings in 2012, economic class immigrants accounted for 50%, down from a high of 64% in 2001

### **Labour Market Policy Trends**



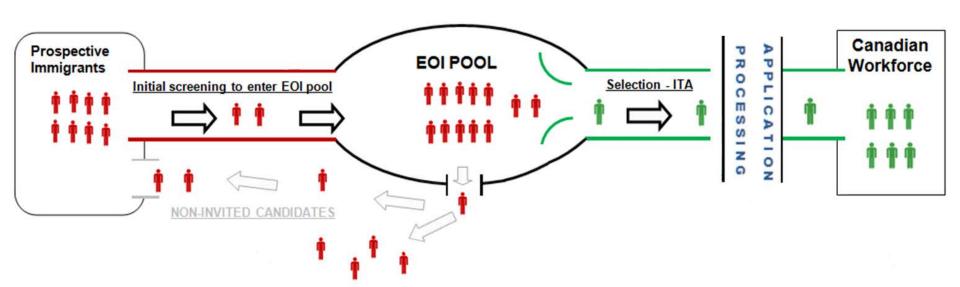
Employer Role	<ul> <li>Minimal formal role</li> <li>Ad hoc engagement with college/university/training institutions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Advisory capacity on post- secondary curriculum and sector-focused skills training</li> <li>Engagement remains ad hoc</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Directly informs or delivers training</li> <li>Engagement is solidified and consistent</li> </ul>
Funding	Government	<ul><li>Government</li><li>Government-Employer co-contribution</li></ul>	<ul><li>Employer</li><li>Government-Employer</li><li>co-contribution</li></ul>
Delivery	<ul><li>College/university/training institution</li><li>Third-party provider</li></ul>	<ul><li>College/university/training institution</li><li>Third-party provider</li></ul>	<ul><li>Employer</li><li>College/university/training institution</li><li>Third-party provider</li></ul>
Example	<ul> <li>Post-secondary education system</li> <li>Literacy and Basic Skills training</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Institutional Advisory Councils</li><li>Elevate Canada</li></ul>	<ul><li>On-boarding</li><li>Apprenticeship</li><li>Canada-Ontario Job Grant</li></ul>

#### Demand-driven programs

Immigration: Express Entry (EE)

□ Training: Job Grant

### **Express Entry (EE)**



#### **Training: Job Grant**

- Introduced in federal budget 2013, the Job Grant is a new demand-driven skills training program.
  - Available to businesses to train unemployed and underemployed Canadians
  - □ Up to \$15,000 per person for training costs (up to \$10,000 from government sources)
  - Requires employers to contribute on average 1/3 of total cost (some additional flexibility for small employers)
  - Short-duration training must be provided by an eligible third-party trainer

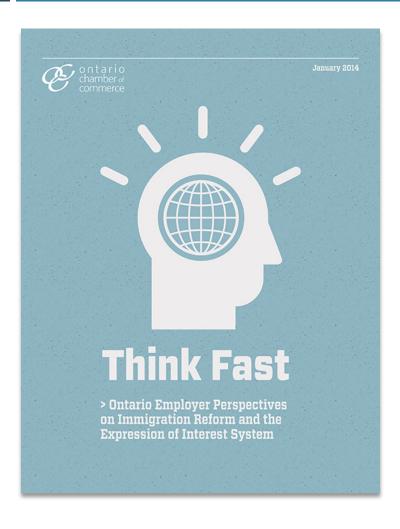
#### Challenges of Demand-Driven Programs

- SMEs and the 'economies of scale' problem
- The 'public good' problem
- Collective action problem/lack of sector collaboration
- Ontario's "noisy" labour market
- Ontario as a passive actor

#### Solutions: An Employer Perspective

- Benchmark processing times
- Treat employers and prospective users as customers
- Strike a balance between integrity and usability
- Collaborate with employer/sector associations to encourage and facilitate employer participation
- Market the problem & system
  - An 'if you build it, they will come' strategy will not work
- Evaluate and publicly report on outcomes and employer engagement

# An Employer Perspective: Immigration

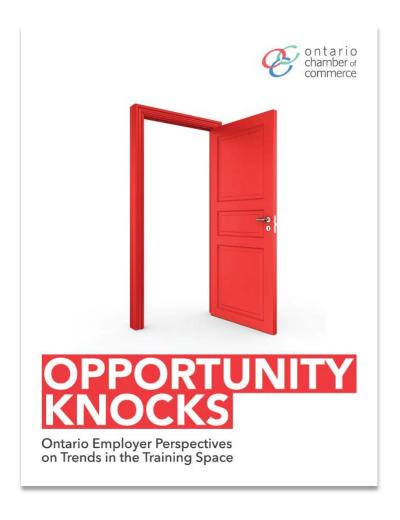


13 recommendations to drive employer participation

# An Employer Perspective: Immigration

- Accelerate Labour Market Opinions for 'trusted employers' and specific occupations
- Let employers access the pool of candidates directly
- Allocate PNPs on a principled basis
- Enable employers to use the hiring tools they normally employ
- Use EE as source of LMI

#### **An Employer Perspective: Training**



Recommendations to increase the 'employer role in training'

Report pending Summer 2014

#### **An Employer Perspective: Training**

- Accommodate variations in employer scale and need
  - Flexibility in employer contribution
- Default third-party training (but in-house should be permitted)
- Re-evaluate provider "markets"
- Encourage sector collaboration where possible

## Thank you

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